



FINANCIAL AND COMPLIANCE REPORT

Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors

Berks County Industrial Development Authority
Reading, Pennsylvania

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Berks County Industrial Development Authority as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Berks County Industrial Development Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Berks County Industrial Development Authority, as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Berks County Industrial Development Authority, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Berks County Industrial Development Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
 or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Berks County Industrial Development Authority's internal control. Accordingly, no
 such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the Berks County Industrial Development Authority's ability to continue as
 a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.



Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Berks County Industrial Development Authority's basic financial statements. The combining proprietary fund schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining proprietary fund schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 13, 2023, on our consideration of the Berks County Industrial Development Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Berks County Industrial Development Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Berks County Industrial Development Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Reading, Pennsylvania

Hervier + Company Inc.

March 13, 2023

BERKS COUNTY INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis of the Berks County Industrial Development Authority's (the "Authority" or "BerksIDA") activities and financial performance provides an introduction and overview to the Authority's basic financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the Authority's basic financial statements.

OVERALL FINANCIAL CONDITION

The year ended December 31, 2022 was a building year for BerksIDA. Building on the Berks Park 183 successful sale Lots B, C and D in 2021, 2022 saw their development into a 250,000 square foot last-mile distribution center for Fedex that will employ 200-400 people in Q2 2023. This success combined with staff efforts to develop the remaining lots brought additional progress on the site.

The entity did report a decrease in overall net position in 2022 and 2021 reporting a loss of \$2,202,343 and \$4,641,843, respectively. The losses in 2022 were mostly related to investment losses from the market changes during the year. In 2021 losses were generated with the sale of the aforementioned Berks Park 183 lots that were held for development. Ending net position for BerksIDA is \$14,082,375 and \$16,284,718 for December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

BerksIDA continued to build out its Redevelopment Assistance Capital Program (RACP) administration program in 2022. As of end of year, 7 RACP projects with a total impact of \$14.2 million on the County are under management by BerksIDA. Up to five additional projects are anticipated by the end of 2023.

Ultimately, BerksIDA had a very successful year in its mission, and continues to increase its strong financial footing for even greater activity in 2023.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Authority's financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

The Authority's basic financial statements include a statement of net position, statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, statement of cash flows, and notes to the financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

• <u>Statement of Net Position</u> - The statement of net position presents the financial position of the Authority. It presents information on the Authority's assets and liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Authority is improving or deteriorating.

- Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position presents information showing how the Authority's net position changed during the year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Revenues are recognized when earned, not when they are received. Expenses are recognized when incurred, not when they are paid. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future periods.
- <u>Statement of Cash Flows</u> The statement of cash flows presents information on the effects that changes in assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources have on cash during the year.
- Notes to Basic Financial Statements The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Authority's financial statements. The notes present information about the Authority's accounting policies, significant account balances and activities, material risks, obligations, commitments, contingencies, and subsequent events.
- <u>Supplementary Information</u> In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplementary information which includes combining schedules of net position and revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

The Authority has two funds - a proprietary fund which accounts for all the operations of the Authority and a fiduciary fund which accounts for assets held for beneficiaries.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

A summary of the Authority's net position and changes in net position is presented below:

Condensed Statement of Net Position

	2022	2021	2020
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and investments	\$ 9,989,714	\$ 11,341,102	\$ 10,179,849
Grants & other receivables	13,410	77,196	3,235,452
Prepaid expenses	5,732	5,732	1,631
Current portion of noncurrent assets	509,583	1,109,455	1,068,605
Total Current Assets	10,518,439	12,533,485	14,485,537
Noncurrent Assets			
Restricted cash and investments	544,558	543,400	850,136
Tax increment financing receivable	1,103,462	1,504,923	1,890,014
Notes receivable	58,500	223,500	442,500
Property held for development	5,719,024	5,719,024	16,538,196
Capital assets being depreciated, net	5,068	5,761	8,937
Total Noncurrent Assets	7,430,612	7,996,608	19,729,783
TOTAL ASSETS	17,949,051	20,530,093	34,215,320
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable	14,295	1,713	952,307
Accrued payroll and withholdings	11,043	10,252	173,155
Accrued interest	9,614	4,686	41,888
Current portion of noncurrent liabilities	1,996,724	1,979,724	3,411,685
Total Current Liabilities	2,031,676	1,996,375	4,579,035
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Notes payable	1,835,000	2,249,000	8,709,724
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,835,000	2,249,000	8,709,724
TOTAL LIABILITIES	3,866,676	4,245,375	13,288,759
NET POSITION	\$ 14,082,375	\$ 16,284,718	\$ 20,926,561

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

	2022		2 2021			2020
OPERATING REVENUES	\$	30,508	\$	6,423	\$	50,178
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Program expenses	1	.65,618	6,	079,457		22,184
Salaries, benefits and payroll	2	98,845		323,431		592,857
Other	1	71,261		151,215		105,850
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	6	35,724	6,	554,103		720,891
OPERATING LOSS	(6	05,216)	(6,	547,680)		(670,713)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Grant revenue		-		776,975	;	3,469,804
TIF revenue	1	11,752		127,803		142,486
Investment return	(1,5	56,575)	1,	318,282		1,157,032
Interest expense	(1	.52,304)	(316,181)		(151,450)
Other income (expense)				(1,042)		65,000
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	(1,5	97,127)	1,	905,837		4,682,872
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(2,2	.02,343)	(4,	641,843)		4,012,159
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	16,2	84,718	20,	926,561	1	6,914,402
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 14,0	82,375	\$ 16,	284,718	\$ 2	0,926,561

BerksIDA's financial condition was pretty stable in 2022 with most financial results related to the market change in investments held by the Organization. There was limited activity in the Berks Park 183 project with \$165,618 reported as program expenses. The Authority received repayments for notes receivable totaling \$765,000 during the year. The Authority ended the year with net position of \$14.08 million.

Significant changes to BerksIDA's financial condition occurred in 2021, most notably related to the completion of Phase 1 of Berks Park 183 and sale of certain lots, which led to a reduction in property held for development and notes payable. While total net position was reduced by \$4.6 million, unrestricted cash and investments increased by \$1.16 million and notes payable were reduced by \$7.9 million. Program expenses reflect the sale of lots of Berks Park 183 as well as an adjustment to market value. The Authority ended the year with net position of \$16.28 million.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND PROPERTY HELD FOR DEVELOPMENT

The Authority's capital assets consist of furniture and equipment. Capital acquisitions are reported at cost and depreciated over their useful lives. Capital asset balances, net of depreciation, were \$5,068 and \$5,761 at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. See notes to the financial statements for more information on capital assets.

The Authority's property held for development consists of land purchased for development, as well as the related development costs to date. No depreciation is reported for property held for development. When the property is sold, a related gain or loss is recognized in operating revenue or expense. Property held for development consisted of \$5,719,024 for both the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021. At December 31, 2021, all property held for development relates to the Berks Park 183 project and is reported at the lower of cost or market value. See notes to the financial statements for more information on property held for development.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

The Authority issues debt in various forms for projects: bank note payables and Section 108 loans. Some agreements have tax incremental financing (TIF) revenue pledged, whereby the Authority does not repay the debt until they receive revenue from the project. Others are collateralized with properties owned by the Authority or the investment portfolio of the Berks County Industrial Development Foundation (a blended component unit). Outstanding debt was \$3,831,724 and \$4,228,724 at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. These balances include \$931,668 of new debt in 2021 for the Berks Park 183 project and repayments of \$397,000 and \$8,824,353 during the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. See notes to the financial statements for more information on debt transactions.

FUTURE OPPORTUNITIES

In late summer 2022 BerksIDA was awarded \$7 million by the state in a combination grant and loan for development of its three smallest lots, expected to commence in late 2024. Staff also worked throughout the year to fully entitle the final remaining lot of the site, which is expected to break ground in 2024, too. BerksIDA expects the entire industrial park to be fully built out within the next three years. As such, we are actively pursuing a land acquisition for our next development project in 2023. No funds were received as of December 31, 2022.

In addition to the work building out Berks Park 183, BerksIDA helped spearhead the countywide Imagine Berks Plan, a strategic economic development plan to guide the efforts of the various economic development organizations throughout the county. BerksIDA is leading implementation of the infrastructure and land use goals of the plan. Part of this initiative included creation of a \$5 million revolving loan fund to finance infrastructure investments within the county that either support job creation or capital investment and property tax accretion. Program details will be completed in 2023 with rollout of the fund expected January 2024.

BerksIDA continues to provide its existing loan programs to interested businesses within Berks County. Tax Increment Financing continues to show demand in the County. Amity Township continues work on a TIF that is likely to close in 2023.

CONTACTING THE AUTHORITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our customers and taxpayers with a general overview of the Authority's finances and to show the Authority's accountability for the funds it receives. If there are any questions about this report or if additional financial information is required, please contact the Authority's Executive Director at the Berks County Industrial Development Authority, 633 Court Street, 14th Floor, Reading, Pennsylvania 19601.

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND

		December 31			
		2022	2021		
ASSETS					
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash		\$ 493,092	\$ 848,420		
Investments		9,496,622	10,492,682		
Grants receivable		-	75,000		
Other receivables		13,410	2,196		
Prepaid expenses		5,732	5,732		
Current portion of tax incremental finance	cing receivable	509,583	509,455		
Current portion of notes receivable			600,000		
	TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	10,518,439	12,533,485		
NONCURRENT ASSETS					
Restricted cash and investments		544,558	543,400		
Tax incremental financing receivable		1,103,462	1,504,923		
Notes receivable		58,500	223,500		
Property held for development		5,719,024	5,719,024		
Capital assets being depreciated, net		5,068	5,761		
	TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	7,430,612	7,996,608		
	TOTAL ASSETS	17,949,051	20,530,093		
LIABILITIES					
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable		14,295	1,713		
Accrued payroll and withholdings		11,043	10,252		
Accrued interest		9,614	4,686		
Current portion of noncurrent liabilities		1,996,724	1,979,724		
	TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	2,031,676	1,996,375		
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES					
Notes payable		1,835,000	2,249,000		
	TOTAL LIABILITIES	3,866,676	4,245,375		
NET POSITION					
Investment in capital assets		5,068	5,761		
Unrestricted		14,077,307	16,278,957		
	TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 14,082,375	\$ 16,284,718		

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND

	Year Ended December 31			
		2022		2021
OPERATING REVENUES	\$	30,508	\$	6,423
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Program expenses:				
Acquisition, disposition, and development projects		165,618		6,079,457
Accounting		8,180		7,645
Depreciation		2,388		2,134
Dues and subscriptions		1,120		1,180
Insurance		7,330		5,593
Legal and professional fees		55,594		58,663
Miscellaneous operating expenses		2,398		1,973
Office supplies and expenses		14,855		10,091
Printing/advertising		11,893		36,872
Rent		16,119		15,384
Salaries, benefits, and payroll taxes		298,845		323,431
Telecommunications		1,007		960
Travel and meetings		14,617		10,720
Utilities		35,760		
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		635,724		6,554,103
OPERATING LOSS		(605,216)		(6,547,680)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Grant revenue		-		776,975
Proceeds from tax incremental financing		111,752		127,802
Investment return		(1,556,575)		1,318,282
Interest expense		(152,304)		(316,180)
Loss on disposal of capital assets				(1,042)
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		(1,597,127)		1,905,837
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(2,202,343)		(4,641,843)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR		16,284,718		20,926,561
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	14,082,375	\$	16,284,718
-	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND

	Year Ended December 31			
		2022		2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from customers	\$	30,508	\$	29,881
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	·	(172,419)		(429,735)
Payments to employees for services		(298,054)		(486,334)
Issuance of note receivable		-		(600,000)
Proceeds from repayment of notes receivable		765,000		779,000
Proceeds from sale of property held for development		-		5,500,000
Acquisition and construction of property held for development		(162,900)		(1,434,326)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		162,135		3,358,486
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Receipt of grants		75,000		3,911,773
Receipt of tax incremental financing		513,086		512,043
Proceeds from issuance of notes payable		-		931,668
Payment of interest on tax incremental financing note		(112,455)		(128,476)
Repayment of notes payable		(397,000)		(8,824,353)
Payment of interest on notes payable		(34,921)		(224,907)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		43,710		(3,822,252)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(1,695)		-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Sales of investments		1,323,966		4,325,479
Purchases of investments		(2,566,566)		(5,170,213)
Investment Income		684,280		1,197,574
NET CASH (USED FOR) PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(558,320)		352,840
NET DECREASE IN CASH		(354,170)		(110,926)
CASH - BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,391,820		1,502,746
CASH - END OF YEAR	\$	1,037,650	\$	1,391,820
CASH - LIND OF TEAR	<u>ب</u>	1,037,030	<u>ب</u>	1,331,020
CASH AT END OF YEAR CONSISTS OF THE FOLLOWING:				
Cash	\$	493,092	\$	848,420
Restricted cash		544,558		543,400
	\$	1,037,650	\$	1,391,820
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STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - CONTINUED

	Year Ended December 31			
		2022		2021
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating loss	\$	(605,216)	\$	(6,547,680)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation Disposition of property held for development		2,388 (165,618)		2,134 5,803,207
Changes in: Other receivables Notes receivable Prepaid expenses		(13,410) 765,000		23,458 179,000 (4,101)
Property held for development Accounts payable Accrued payroll and withholdings		165,618 12,582 791		4,065,674 (303) (162,903)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	162,135	\$	3,358,486

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUND - CUSTODIAL FUND

	December 31			
	2022		2021	
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$ 12,709	\$	12,543	
NET POSITION Held for beneficiaries	\$ 12,709	\$	12,543	

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUND - CUSTODIAL FUND

	Year Ended December 31			
		2022		2021
ADDITIONS				
Tax incremental financing revenue Investment income	\$	1,030,548 166	\$	1,419,967 3
investment income		100		
TOTAL ADDITIONS		1,030,714		1,419,970
DEDUCTIONS				
Fees		9,051		7,543
Payments on behalf of beneficiaries		1,021,497		1,856,424
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		1,030,548		1,863,967
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		166		(443,997)
NET POSITION HELD FOR BENEFICIARIES - BEGINNING OF YEAR		12,543		456,540
NET POSITION HELD FOR BENEFICIARIES - END OF YEAR	\$	12,709	\$	12,543

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022 and 2021

The Berks County Industrial Development Authority (the "Authority") was created on May 7, 1969, by the County of Berks under the provisions of the Pennsylvania Industrial Development Authority Law of August 23, 1967 (Act 102 of 1967, P.L. 251, formerly the Industrial and Commercial Development Authority Law), for the purpose of promoting and developing commercial, industrial, and manufacturing enterprises and encouraging employment within the County of Berks. The five-member Board of Directors of the Authority is appointed by the Berks County Board of Commissioners. The Authority's original term has been extended to May 2062.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Berks County Industrial Development Authority have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the authoritative standard-setting body for the establishment of governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of these accounting principles are as follows:

A. Reporting Entity

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the Authority (the primary government) and its component units.

The Authority used guidance contained in generally accepted accounting principles to evaluate the possible inclusion of related entities (authorities, boards, councils, fiduciary activities, etc.) within its reporting entity. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the reporting entity consists of the primary government and legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. In addition, the primary government may determine through the exercise of management's professional judgment that the inclusion of a legally separate entity that does not meet the financial accountability criteria is necessary in order to prevent the reporting entity's financial statements from being misleading. In such instances, that legally separate entity should be included as a component unit if the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government or other component units are such that the exclusion from the financial reporting entity would render the financial reporting entity's financial statements incomplete or misleading. In evaluating how to define the reporting entity, management has considered all potential component units.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022 and 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

A. Reporting Entity - continued

Based on the foregoing criteria, the reporting entity has been defined to include all criteria for which the Authority is financially accountable or for which there is another significant relationship. Specific information on the nature of the various potential component units and a description of how the aforementioned criteria have been considered in determining whether or not to include or exclude such units in the Authority's financial statements are provided in the following paragraphs.

1. Blended Component Units

Some component units, despite being legally separate from the primary government (Authority), are so intertwined with the primary government that they are, in substance, the same as the primary government and are reported as part of the primary government. The component unit reported in this way is the Berks County Industrial Development Foundation (the "Foundation").

Berks County Industrial Development Foundation - The Foundation was created on October 29, 2007, in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania as a non-profit corporation to promote effective economic growth of Berks County. The primary investment goal of the Foundation is to generate sufficient investment return to cover the annual operating expenses of the Authority. By doing so, the Authority can become a more sustainable and self-sufficient economic development organization. The Board of Directors of the Foundation is the same as the Board of Directors of the Authority. See Note 12 for financial information related to the Foundation.

The Authority was created by the County of Berks and its board members are appointed by the County. However, the County does not consider the Authority a component unit.

B. Basis of Presentation

Proprietary Fund - All activities of the Authority are accounted for within a single proprietary (enterprise) fund and are classified as a business-type activity. Proprietary funds are used to account for operations that are (a) financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the cost (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022 and 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

B. Basis of Presentation - continued

The Authority distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the Authority's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Authority are fees for grant or project administration and interest on notes receivable. Operating expenses include the cost of operations, professional fees for development activities, and depreciation. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Fiduciary Fund - The focus of the fiduciary fund measurement is to account for assets held in a trustee capacity. The Authority's fiduciary fund is a custodial fund. The fund was established to account for monies received and paid to beneficiaries on behalf of a private company as part of a tax incremental financing agreement.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The Authority's proprietary and fiduciary activity is reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Accordingly, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources associated with operations are included on the statements of net position. Net position (i.e., total assets and deferred outflows of resources net of total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) are segregated into net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted elements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

D. Budgetary Information

The Authority is not required to adopt a budget; however, an operating budget is prepared as a tool to measure operations. The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The current operating budget details the Authority's plans to earn and expend funds for charges and grants incurred or received for operation, maintenance, certain interest and general functions, and other charges for the year.

Management submits a proposed budget to the Authority's board of directors prior to the December board meeting. A budget is adopted by the board prior to January 1. All unexpended and unencumbered appropriations in the operating budget lapse at the end of the year.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022 and 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

E. Financial Position

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of reporting cash flows, the Authority considers all cash accounts which are not subject to withdrawal restrictions or penalties and all highly-liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.

2. Investments

The Authority is permitted to invest in the following types of investments:

Obligations of (a) the United States of America or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America, (b) the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the Commonwealth, or (c) any political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the political subdivision.

Deposits in savings accounts, time deposits, or share accounts of institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation to the extent that such accounts are so insured, and for any amounts above the insured maximum, provided that approved collateral as provided by law therefore shall be pledged by the depository.

Pennsylvania Act 10 of 2016 became effective May 25, 2016, and expanded the permitted investment types to include commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, negotiable certificates of deposit, and insured bank deposit reciprocals as long as certain safeguards related to credit quality and maturity are met.

The Foundation is not limited in its investment types because it is a 501(c)(3) organization.

Investments are valued at fair value in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, except for investments in external investment pools, which are valued at amortized costs if required criteria are met as outlined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants.

The Authority categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Investments are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, credit, and overall market volatility. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is reasonably possible that changes in the fair value of investments will occur in the near-term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the statements of net position.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022 and 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

E. Financial Position - continued

3. Receivables

Receivables, which include grants and other receivables, are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, as applicable. Receivables are evaluated for collectability and an allowance is established, as deemed necessary, based on the best information available and in an amount that management believes is adequate. Receivables are written off when deemed uncollectible. Recoveries of receivables previously written off are recorded when received. There are no allowances reported on receivables at December 31, 2022 or 2021.

Additionally, the Authority reports noncurrent receivables in the following categories:

Tax Incremental Financing ("TIF")

Cooperative agreements using Tax Incremental Financing ("TIF") were entered into for various TIF districts. Cooperative agreements are evaluated for collectability and an allowance is established as deemed necessary based on the best information available and in an amount that management believes is adequate. See Note 4.

Notes Receivable

The Authority has executed certain notes receivable to provide financing for development projects. These notes have varying repayment terms and maturities. See Note 5.

Noncurrent receivables are stated at the amount of unpaid principal, reduced by allowances for possible note losses. The allowances for possible note losses are established through a provision for possible losses charged to expenses. Notes are charged against the allowances when management believes that the collectability of the principal is unlikely. The allowance is an amount that management believes will be adequate to cover possible losses on existing notes that may become uncollectible, based on evaluations of collectability. The evaluations take into consideration such factors as overall portfolio quality, review of specific problem notes and current economic conditions that may affect the borrower's ability to pay.

4. Prepaid Expenses

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the financial statements. The costs of prepaid items are recorded as expense when consumed rather than when purchased.

5. Property Held for Development

The Authority acquires land and properties throughout the County of Berks that are held for development. These properties are recorded at the lower of cost or market value. These assets are not depreciated. Costs of property improvements are added to the value of the property held for development.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022 and 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

E. Financial Position - continued

6. Capital Assets and Depreciation

The Authority's capital assets with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the financial statements. Cost includes engineering fees and other expenses incurred during the period of construction, as required by generally accepted accounting principles. Construction in progress is stated at cost and consists of ongoing projects not yet placed in service. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate. Donated capital assets are recorded at the estimated fair value at the date of its donation.

The Authority capitalizes assets with a cost of \$1,000 or more. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in nonoperating revenues (expenses).

Estimated useful lives for depreciable assets are as follows:

Furniture and Equipment 5 - 7 years

7. Valuation of Long-Lived Assets

Long-lived assets to be held and used are required to be reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. In general, any long-lived assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less cost to sell. The Authority periodically evaluates the recoverability of its long-lived assets, including real estate and improvements and deferred costs, using objective methodologies. Such methodologies include evaluations based on cash flows generated by the underlying assets or other determinants of fair value. None of the Authority's long-lived assets were considered to be impaired as of December 31, 2022.

8. Unearned Revenues

Revenues that are received but not earned are reported as unearned revenues in the financial statements. Unearned revenues arise when resources are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the Authority has legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the financial statements and revenue is recognized.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022 and 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

E. Financial Position - continued

9. Employee Benefits

The Authority calculates the costs of accumulated carryover of personal time off, as defined in the employee handbook, and reports the expense in the period earned rather than the period paid.

The Authority has a defined contribution Simplified Employee Pension (SEP) Plan covering employees who have attained age 25, have one year of service, and total compensation in excess of \$200 per year. Contributions to the plan are discretionary and are determined annually by the Board of Directors.

10. Net Position

Net position is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and is classified into three categories:

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and related debt.
- Restricted net position is an amount that has externally imposed restrictions on how the funds can be spent.
- Unrestricted net position is an amount that does not meet the definitions of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted" and is available for Authority operations.

11. Net Position Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the Authority will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

It is the Authority's policy to consider restricted resources to have been depleted before unrestricted resources are applied.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022 and 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

F. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. Income Taxes

<u>Authority</u> - The Authority is a government entity and, as such, is not subject to nor required to file federal and state income tax returns.

<u>Foundation</u> - The Foundation is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Foundation annually files federal and state information returns, as required.

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date, and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates are used to determine depreciation expense and certain claims and judgment liabilities, among other accounts. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

H. Adoption of Accounting Standards

Effective January 1, 2022 the Authority adopted new accounting standard guidance GASB Statement No. 91 related to Conduit Debt Obligations. This statement clarifies the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishes that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishes standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improves required note disclosures. The adoption of this standard resulted in no restatement to beginning net position.

Effective January 1, 2021 the Authority adopted new accounting guidance GASB Statement No. 87, retroactive to January 1, 2021. GASB Statement No. 87 was issued to recognize certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right-to-use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. After review of existing lease agreements by management, this standard resulted in no restatement to beginning net position.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022 and 2021

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The carrying amount of cash, restricted cash and investments as presented on the financial statements consist of the following at December 31:

	2022	2021
Deposits Investments	\$ 1,050,359 9,496,622	\$ 1,404,363 10,492,682
	\$ 10,546,981	\$ 11,897,045
Classification per the statement of net position:		
Proprietary Fund:		
Cash	\$ 493,092	\$ 848,420
Investments	9,496,622	10,492,682
Restricted cash and investments	544,558	543,400
Fiduciary Fund:		
Cash and investments	12,709	12,543
	\$ 10,546,981	\$ 11,897,045

Restricted deposits consist of funds to be used for the repayment of debt related to tax increment financing districts.

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Authority does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the carrying amount of the Authority's deposits was \$1,050,359 and \$1,404,363, respectively, and the bank balance was \$1,139,179 and \$1,502,548, respectively. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, \$280,342 and \$513,770, respectively, of the bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was exposed to custodial credit risk, but covered by collateralization requirements in accordance with Act 72 of the 1971 Session of the Pennsylvania General Assembly.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022 and 2021

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

Investments

The Foundation had the following investments in mutual funds as of December 31:

	2022		
			Fair
Investment		Fair	Value
Туре	Yield	Market Va	lue Level
Domestic equities	0.75% - 1.43%	\$ 4,298,0)51 1
Fixed income	1.16% - 5.77%	3,343,1	.98 1
International equities	1.68% - 2.39%	1,855,3	373 1
Total investments	S	\$ 9,496,6	522
	2021		
			Fair
Investment		Fair	Value
Type	Yield	Market Va	lue Level
Domestic equities	0.65% - 1.47%	\$ 4,719,5	660 1
Fixed income	1.04% - 5.77%	3,673,0	51 1
International equities	1.45% - 1.68%	2,100,0	71 1
			<u></u>
Total investments	S	\$ 10,492,6	82

Interest Rate Risk

The Foundation does not have a formal investment policy that limits maturities in certain investments as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

The Foundation does not have an investment policy that would limit its investment choices to certain credit ratings.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Foundation places no limit on the amount the Foundation may invest in any one issuer.

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Foundation will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral security that are in the possession of an outside party. The Foundation's investments are in open-ended mutual funds which are not subject to custodial credit risk.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022 and 2021

NOTE 3 - GRANTS RECEIVABLE

Grants receivable consist of the following at December 31:

	2	022		2021
			•	
Redevelopment Assistance Capital Program (RACP) Grant	\$	-	\$	75,000

NOTE 4 - TAX INCREMENTAL FINANCING (TIF) RECEIVABLES

Pursuant to the Pennsylvania Tax Increment Finance Act, as amended (TIF Act), the Authority participates in two TIF districts. As required by the TIF Act, a TIF Plan was developed by the Authority and approved for each participating government. Each year, the receivable is increased for interest payments on the related project debt and reduced by payments received from the various parties. The agreements in place are as follows:

Tilden Township TIF District

In September 2003, the Authority executed cooperative agreements with the Township of Tilden, the Hamburg Area School District, and the County of Berks to create a tax increment district related to the Authority's economic development project. Under the agreement, 64% of the tax increment collected by each taxing district shall be paid over to the Authority for deposit in the tax increment fund. The Authority issued Federally-Taxable Tax Incremental Financing Revenue Bonds, Series A of 2003 in the amount of \$5,500,000 and Series B of 2003 in the amount of \$15,500,000. The debt was immediately purchased by a private company. The Authority's only remaining involvement in this agreement is to bill for the TIF revenue on an annual basis. The payments are made directly into a bank account in the Authority's name, from which the payments to the beneficiary is made. This activity is accounted for within a custodial fund, which is shown as a fiduciary fund on the Authority's financial statements.

Exeter TIF District

In February 2008, the Authority executed cooperative agreements with the Township of Exeter, the Exeter Township School District, and the County of Berks to create a tax increment district related to the Authority's Exeter Township transportation and infrastructure improvement project. Under the agreement, the Authority is entitled to 100% of the incremental tax revenue for the district generated by the County and Township and an amount equal to the lessor of 75% of the incremental tax revenue generated by the school district or the percentage of the incremental tax revenue generated by the School district in an amount that will be sufficient, together with the incremental tax collected by the Township and the County, to enable the Authority to pay debt service on the notes for such fiscal year, including all costs and expenses incurred by the Authority with respect to the administration of the tax increment district until the earlier of November 30, 2027, or the date at which tax incremental revenues received equal all debt service on the payment of the \$6,299,000 note payable related to the project, including all administrative expenses related to the debt. See Note 8 for outstanding notes payable balance.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022 and 2021

NOTE 4 - TAX INCREMENTAL FINANCING (TIF) RECEIVABLES - CONTINUED

Receivables under the Exeter TIF agreement are as follows at December 31:

	2022	2021
Gross TIF receivable Less: current portion	\$ 1,613,045 (509,583)	\$ 2,014,378 (509,455)
Long-term TIF receivable	\$ 1,103,462	\$ 1,504,923

Activity related to the TIF District receivables for the year ended December 31, 2022, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Payments Received	Ending Balance
Exeter TIF District	\$ 2,014,378	\$ 111,753	\$ 513,086	\$ 1,613,045

Activity related to the TIF District receivables for the year ended December 31, 2021, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance			Ending Balance
Exeter TIF District	\$ 2,398,619	\$ 127,802	\$ 512,043	\$ 2,014,378

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022 and 2021

NOTE 5 - NOTES RECEIVABLE

	2022	2021
Bethel Township Municipal Authority On November 18, 2011, the Authority entered into an agreement with Bethel Township Municipal Authority (BTMA) to assist the BTMA in meeting its debt service requirements for the construction of sanitary sewage facilities to provide sewer service to certain property owned by the BTMA. From 2012 through 2015 the Authority contributed \$600,000 to BTMA. BTMA repays the Authority \$3,000 per tapping fee with respect to the Bethel Treatment Plan until the \$600,000 has been paid in full. The note does not bear interest. Due to the uncertainty of timing of receipts, the Authority has elected to present the entire balance as a noncurrent receivable.	\$ 58,500	\$ 223,500
On August 3, 2021, the Authority issued a \$600,000 note to a Corporation to provide interim financing for a development project. Interest accrued at a fixed rate of 4.25% and was payable monthly beginning September 1, 2021. The note was paid off in August 2022.	<u>-</u>	600,000
Total notes receivable	58,500	823,500
Less: current portion	 	 (600,000
Noncurrent notes receivable	\$ 58,500	\$ 223,500

Interest receivable related to the above notes totaled \$2,196 as of December 31, 2021 and is included with other receivables on the statements of net position. There was no interest receivable as of December 31, 2022.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022 and 2021

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY HELD FOR DEVELOPMENT

Activity related to property held for development during the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance
Property Held for Development	\$ 5,719,024	\$ 165,618	\$ (165,618)	\$ 5,719,024

Activity related to property held for development during the year ended December 31, 2021 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance
Property Held for Development	\$ 16,538,196	\$ 484,035	\$ (11,303,207)	\$ 5,719,024

The sale of property held for development resulted in a loss of \$3,558,399 for the year ended December 31, 2021. This loss is reported in operating expenses on the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

The market value of property held for development was determined to be lower than the carrying amount as of December 31, 2022 and 2021. Accordingly, the Authority reduced the value of the related property and recorded a corresponding market adjustment of \$165,618 and \$2,521,058, respectively, as program expenses.

As part of the property held for development related to the Berks Park 183 project, the Authority has signed an agreement with the Reading Regional Airport Authority that calls for the Authority to construct, at its cost, sewer lines that will, 18 months after completion, be given to the Reading Regional Airport who will accept the connections to their plant with no additional cost to the Authority.

During 2021, the Authority has authorized an agreement for sale of an additional parcel of land, which is anticipated to settle in 2023.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022 and 2021

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets during the year ended December 31, 2022:

	Balance January 1, 2022		nuary 1,					
Capital assets being depreciated: Furniture and equipment	\$	97,771	\$	1,695	\$	-	\$	99,466
Less accumulated depreciation for: Furniture and equipment		92,010		2,388				94,398
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	5,761	\$	(693)	\$	_	\$	5,068

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets during the year ended December 31, 2021:

	_	alance nuary 1, 2021	Ad	ditions	_	Balance December 31, 2021	
Capital assets being depreciated: Furniture and equipment	\$	99,508	\$	-	\$ (1,737)	\$	97,771
Less accumulated depreciation for: Furniture and equipment		90,571		2,134	 (695)		92,010
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	8,937	\$	(2,134)	\$ (1,042)	\$	5,761

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022 and 2021

NOTE 8 - NOTES PAYABLE

The Authority has the following	notes payable fro	om dire	ct borrowin	ıgs at I	December 31	l:		
						2022		2021
Berks Park 183 Revolving Cr On June 30, 2020, the Auth payable up to \$2,000,000, related to the Berks Park 2 LIBOR rate plus 0.97% multi Interest payments are due was amended. Under the a at the SOFR rate plus 1.07% 2022). The principal payme The loan is collateralized investment portfolio.	nority entered in funds of which 183 project. The plied by 0.79 (1.6 monthly. On Jun amended agreem multiplied by 0.3 nt date was exter	are dra note lands 15% at e 13 th , nent the 19 (4.26 nded to	wn to pay obears intereduced becamber 3 2022 the age note bears 59% at Dece September 1	expenst at 1 st at 1 st, 202 greems inter mber 30, 20	ses the 21). ent est 31, 23. on's	,582,	724	\$ 1,582,724
Exeter Tax Incremental Find The Authority has a \$6,299 bearing interest at a rate of Incremental Financing pro annually and principal payr November 29, 2027. Debt future real estate revenues penalty. The note is guaran	,000 note payabl f 4.25%. Funds w oject. Interest ments are due ar repayment will l of the project an	e with a vere use oaymer unually oe mad dis sub	ed for the Exits are made through made through returned to a precent countries.	xeter ⁻ de se turity eceipt	Tax mi- on : of ent	240	000	2.646.000
penaity. The note is guarar	iteed by Exeter it	JWIISIII				,249,		2,646,000
			Total notes	s paya		,831,		4,228,724
Less: current portion						,996,		(1,979,724)
		Nonc	urrent notes	s paya	ble <u>\$ 1</u>	,835,	000	\$ 2,249,000
Activity on direct borrowings we	ere as follows for	the yea	ar ended De	cemb	er 31, 2022:			
	Balance 1/1/2022		Additions		epayments	1	Balanc 2/31/20	_
Direct borrowings: Notes payable	\$ 4,228,724	\$		\$	(397,000)	\$	3,831	,724
Activity on direct borrowings w	ere as follows for	the yea	ar ended De	cemb	er 31, 2021:			
	Balance 1/1/2021	<u> </u>	Additions	Re	epayments	1	Balanc 2/31/20	
Direct borrowings: Notes payable	\$ 12,121,409	\$	931,668	\$	(8,824,353)	\$	4,228	,724

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022 and 2021

NOTE 8 - NOTES PAYABLE - CONTINUED

The Authority's direct borrowings contain a provision that in the event of default, all unpaid principal and interest is due and payable immediately. Additionally, the Berks Park 183 Revolving Credit Line contains a clause that in the event of default, the rate of interest payable shall automatically increase by 3.0%. The lender shall impose a charge of 5% of any payment of principal and/or interest not received by the due date.

Maturities on direct borrowings for the years ending December 31 are as follows:

	Berks Park 183 Revolving Credit Note	Exeter TIF Revenue Note	Total Principal	Total Interest*
2023 2024 2025 2026 2027	\$ 1,582,724 - - -	\$ 414,000 432,000 451,000 471,000 481,000	\$ 1,996,724 432,000 451,000 471,000 481,000	\$ 166,736 77,988 59,628 40,460 19,534
	\$ 1,582,724	\$ 2,249,000	\$ 3,831,724	\$ 364,346

^{*} Interest was calculated assuming full draw down of the loan. For variable rate debt, the interest rate at December 31, 2022 of 4.269% was used.

Total interest paid related to notes payable for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, was \$147,376 and \$353,383, respectively.

Subsequent Event

On December 22, 2022, Berks County Industrial Development Authority was awarded a Business in Our Sites combination loan and grant through the Commonwealth Finance Authority in the amounts of \$4,203,617 and \$2,802,411; respectively. No funds have been drawn down or received as of December 31, 2022. Funds will be used to support infrastructure and site development for various lots at Berks Park 183.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022 and 2021

NOTE 9 - CONDUIT DEBT

The Authority is involved in conduit debt transactions for which the Authority issued debt but retained limited obligation for the repayment of the debt. The debt was used to finance various capital projects within the related organizations. The responsibility for repayment belongs to the private borrowers. Activity on conduit debt for the year ended December 31, 2022, was as follows:

Issuance	On Behalf Of	Balance at January 1, 2022	Additions	Repayments	Balance at December 31, 2022
Revenue Note, Series of 2008	Goodwill Keystone Area	\$ 1,599,833	\$ -	\$ (188,961)	\$ 1,410,872
Revenue Note, Series of 2010	F.M. Brown's Sons, Inc.	4,016,016	-	(692,025)	3,323,991
Revenue Note, Series of 2012	Kutztown University and Kutztown University Foundation, Inc.	18,168,405	-	(18,168,405)	-
Revenue Note, Series of 2012	Unique Pretzel Bakery, Inc.	5,680,366	-	(318,777)	5,361,589
Revenue Note, Series of 2012	Service Access and Management, Inc.	1,412,000	-	(1,412,000)	-
Revenue Note, Series of 2013	JFM Holdings, LLC	3,117,800	-	(197,800)	2,920,000
Revenue Note, Series of 2014	Hospital Central Services Cooperative, Inc.	1,152,779	-	(72,109)	1,080,670
Revenue Note, Series of 2014	Hospital Central Services Cooperative, Inc.	4,143,500	-	(419,700)	3,723,800
Revenue Note, Series of 2017	Reading Health/ Tower Health	588,730,000	-	(3,040,000)	585,690,000
Revenue Note, Series A of 2017	The Highlands at Wyomissing	24,510,000	-	-	24,510,000
Revenue Note, Series B of 2017	The Highlands at Wyomissing	9,645,000	-	(1,450,000)	8,195,000
Revenue Note, Series C of 2017	The Highlands at Wyomissing	17,085,000	-	-	17,085,000
Revenue Note, Series of 2020	The Highlands at Wyomissing	4,193,779	-	(4,193,779)	-
Revenue Bond, Series 2022A	Earthcare Bethel LLC	-	10,345,000	-	10,345,000
Revenue Bond, Series 2022B	Earthcare Bethel LLC		1,655,000		1,655,000
		\$ 683,454,478	\$ 12,000,000	\$ (30,153,556)	\$ 665,300,922

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022 and 2021

NOTE 9 - CONDUIT DEBT - CONTINUED

Activity on conduit debt for the year ended December 31, 2021, was as follows:

Issuance	On Behalf Of	Balance at January 1, 2021	Additions	R	epayments	D	Balance at ecember 31, 2021
Revenue Note, Series of 2008	Goodwill Keystone Area	\$ 1,782,763	\$ -	\$	(182,930)	\$	1,599,833
Revenue Note, Series of 2010	F.M. Brown's Sons, Inc.	4,682,061	-		(666,045)		4,016,016
Revenue Note, Series of 2012	Kutztown University and Kutztown University Foundation, Inc.	20,265,000	-		(2,096,595)		18,168,405
Revenue Note, Series of 2012	Unique Pretzel Bakery, Inc.	5,944,539	-		(264,173)		5,680,366
Revenue Note, Series of 2012	Service Access and Management, Inc.	1,529,000	-		(117,000)		1,412,000
Revenue Note, Series of 2013	JFM Holdings, LLC	3,307,200	-		(189,400)		3,117,800
Revenue Note, Series of 2014	Hospital Central Services Cooperative, Inc.	1,217,683	-		(64,904)		1,152,779
Revenue Note, Series of 2014	Hospital Central Services Cooperative, Inc.	4,550,900	-		(407,400)		4,143,500
Revenue Note, Series of 2017	Reading Health/ Tower Health	590,500,000	-		(1,770,000)		588,730,000
Revenue Note, Series A of 2017	The Highlands at Wyomissing	24,510,000	-		-		24,510,000
Revenue Note, Series B of 2017	The Highlands at Wyomissing	11,055,000	-		(1,410,000)		9,645,000
Revenue Note, Series C of 2017	The Highlands at Wyomissing	17,085,000	-		-		17,085,000
Revenue Note, Series of 2020	The Highlands at Wyomissing	 2,005,846	2,187,933				4,193,779
		\$ 688,434,992	\$ 2,187,933	\$	(7,168,447)	\$	683,454,478

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022 and 2021

NOTE 10 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Authority has entered into an operating lease with the County of Berks for the rental of office space. Effective March 1, 2019, the lease was extended until October 31, 2024 at a minimum monthly rental payment of \$1,231 per month. Rental expense charged to operations under the terms of the lease amounted to \$16,119 and \$15,384 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Future lease payments under this agreement are a minimum of \$14,775 per year through October 31, 2024. On November 1 of each year under the lease, the lease rental amount will increase by the 12 month all item, all urban consumers price index (CPI-U) as compiled by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, D.C. or its successor. In the event of a decrease in CPI-U, the lease rental amount will remain the same as the immediately prior year. Under the operating lease, either party shall have the unilateral right to terminate this Lease at any time upon (90) days prior written notice to the other party.

The Authority receives federal, state, and local funding through a number of programs. Payments made by these sources under contractual agreements are provisional and subject to redetermination based on filing reports and audits of those reports. Final settlements due from or to these sources are recorded in the year in which the related services are performed. Any adjustments resulting from subsequent examination are recognized in the year in which the results of such examinations become known. Authority management does not expect any significant adjustments as a result of these examinations.

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors, and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. Significant losses are covered by commercial insurance for all areas which the Authority retains risk of loss. There were no reductions in insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022 and 2021

NOTE 12 - BERKS COUNTY INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT FOUNDATION

As described in Note 1, the Foundation is reported as a blended component unit of the Authority. In accordance with GAAP, the following is condensed financial information of the Foundation as of and for the years ended December 31:

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FOUNDATION

	December 31					
ASSETS	2022	2021				
CURRENT ASSETS						
Cash Investments	\$ 836 9,496,622	\$ 1,226 10,492,682				
Prepaid expenses	302	302				
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	\$ 9,497,760	\$ 10,494,210				
TOTAL UNRESTRICTED NET POSITION	\$ 9,497,760	\$ 10,494,210				

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - FOUNDATION

	Ye	ar Ended De	ecem	ber 31
		2022		2021
OPERATING REVENUES	\$	-	\$	-
OPERATING EXPENSES		41,842		40,955
OPERATING LOSS		(41,842)		(40,955)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest and dividend income (loss)	(1	1,562,608)		1,280,065
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	(2	1,604,450)		1,239,110
TRANSFERS IN (OUT)		608,000		(273,720)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(996,450)		965,390
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	10	0,494,210		9,528,820
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 9	9,497,760	\$1	10,494,210

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022 and 2021

NOTE 12 - BERKS COUNTY INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT FOUNDATION - CONTINUED

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - FOUNDATION

	Year Ended December 31			
	2022		2021	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments to suppliers for goods and services	\$ (41,842)	\$	(40,957)	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Transfers to primary government	608,000		(273,720)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Sales of investments	1,323,966		4,325,479	
Purchases of investments	(2,566,566)		(5,170,213)	
Investment Income	676,052		1,159,356	
	_			
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(566,548)		314,622	
NET DECREASE IN CASH	(390)		(55)	
CASH - BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,226		1,281	
CASH - END OF YEAR	\$ 836	\$	1,226	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022 and 2021

NOTE 13 - NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following standard which has not yet been implemented:

- Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based IT Arrangements This statement establishes guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users. This statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset an intangible asset and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. This statement is effective for the Authority's fiscal year ending December 31, 2023.
- Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections an Amendment of Statement No. 62 The primary objective of this statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The requirements of this statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged.
- Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences The primary objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged.

The Authority has not yet completed the analysis necessary to determine the actual financial statement impact of this new pronouncement.



COMBINING SCHEDULES OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND

ASSETS	De	ndustrial velopment authority	 s Park 78 roject	 ks Park 183 Project		ter TIF oject	Dev Fo	ndustrial velopment oundation ponent Unit)	Total
CURRENT ASSETS									
Cash	\$	492,256	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	836	\$ 493,092
Investments		-	-	-		-		9,496,622	9,496,622
Other receivables		13,410	-	-		-		-	13,410
Prepaid expenses		5,430	-	-		-		302	5,732
Current portion of tax incremental financing receivable		-	-	 		509,583		-	509,583
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		511,096	-	-		509,583		9,497,760	10,518,439
NONCURRENT ASSETS									
Restricted cash and investments		-	-	-		544,558		-	544,558
Tax incremental financing receivable		-	-	-	1,	103,462		-	1,103,462
Notes receivable		-	58,500	-		-		-	58,500
Property held for development		-	-	5,719,024		-		-	5,719,024
Capital assets being depreciated, net		5,068	 	 		-		<u>-</u>	 5,068
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS		5,068	 58,500	 5,719,024	1,	648,020			7,430,612
TOTAL ASSETS		516,164	58,500	5,719,024	2,	157,603		9,497,760	17,949,051

COMBINING SCHEDULES OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND - CONTINUED

LIABILITIES	Industrial Development Authority	Berks Park 78 Project	Berks Park 183 Project	Exeter TIF Project	Industrial Development Foundation (Component Unit)	Total
CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	11,581	-	2,714	_	-	14,295
Accrued payroll and withholdings	11,043	-	-	-	-	11,043
Accrued interest	-	-	5,631	3,983	-	9,614
Current portion of noncurrent liabilities	-	-	1,582,724	414,000	-	1,996,724
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIE	S 22,624	-	1,591,069	417,983	-	2,031,676
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Notes payable	<u> </u>			1,835,000		1,835,000
TOTAL LIABILITIE	S 22,624		1,591,069	2,252,983		3,866,676
NET POSITION						
Investment in capital assets	5,068	-	_	-	-	5,068
Unrestricted	488,472	58,500	4,127,955	(95,380)	9,497,760	14,077,307
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT	\$ 493,540	\$ 58,500	\$ 4,127,955	\$ (95,380)	\$ 9,497,760	\$ 14,082,375

COMBINING SCHEDULES OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND

ASSETS	Industrial Development Authority	Berks Park 78 Project	Berks Park 183 Project	Exeter TIF Project	Industrial Development Foundation (Component Unit)	Total
CURRENT ASSETS						
Cash	\$ 847,194	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,226	\$ 848,420
Investments	Ş 647,134	. ·	- -		10,492,682	10,492,682
Grants receivable	-	-	- 75,000	-	10,492,002	75,000
Other receivables	2,196	-	73,000	-	-	2,196
Prepaid expenses	5,430	-	-	-	302	5,732
Current portion of tax incremental financing receivable	5,430			509,455	502	509,455
Current portion of notes receivable	600,000	_		303,433	_	600,000
current portion of notes receivable	000,000				· -	000,000
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	1,454,820	-	75,000	509,455	10,494,210	12,533,485
NONCURRENT ASSETS						
Restricted cash and investments	-	-	-	543,400	-	543,400
Tax incremental financing receivable	-	-	-	1,504,923	-	1,504,923
Notes receivable	-	223,500	-	-	-	223,500
Property held for development	-	-	5,719,024	-	-	5,719,024
Capital assets being depreciated, net	5,761			-	<u> </u>	5,761
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	5,761	223,500	5,719,024	2,048,323	<u> </u>	7,996,608
TOTAL ASSETS	1,460,581	223,500	5,794,024	2,557,778	10,494,210	20,530,093

COMBINING SCHEDULES OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND - CONTINUED

LIABILITIES	Industrial Development Authority	Berks Park 78 Project	Berks Park 183 Project	Exeter TIF Project	Industrial Development Foundation (Component Unit)	Total
CURRENT HARMITIES						
CURRENT LIABILITIES	1,511		202			1 712
Accounts payable Accrued payroll and withholdings	10,252	-	202	-	-	1,713 10,252
Accrued interest	10,232	_	_	4,686	_	4,686
Current portion of noncurrent liabilities	-	_	1,582,724	397,000	-	1,979,724
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	11,763	-	1,582,926	401,686	-	1,996,375
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Notes payable	_	_	_	2,249,000	_	2,249,000
Notes payable				2,243,000		2,243,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	11,763	-	1,582,926	2,650,686	-	4,245,375
NET POSITION						
Investment in capital assets	5,761	-	-	-	-	5,761
Unrestricted	1,443,057	223,500	4,211,098	(92,908)	10,494,210	16,278,957
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	\$ 1,448,818	\$ 223,500	\$ 4,211,098	\$ (92,908)	\$ 10,494,210	\$ 16,284,718

COMBINING SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND

	Industrial Development Authority	Berks Park 78 Project	Berks Park 183 Project	Exeter TIF Project	Industrial Development Foundation (Component Unit)	Total
OPERATING REVENUES	\$ 30,508	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,508
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Program expenses:						
Acquisition, disposition, and development projects	-	-	165,618	-	-	165,618
Accounting	8,180	-	-	-	-	8,180
Depreciation	2,388	-	-	-	-	2,388
Dues and subscriptions	1,120	-	-	-	-	1,120
Insurance	5,724	-	-	-	1,606	7,330
Legal and professional fees	11,727	-	-	3,631	40,236	55,594
Miscellaneous operating expenses	2,398	-	-	-	-	2,398
Office supplies and expenses	14,855	-	-	-	-	14,855
Printing/advertising	11,893	-	-	-	-	11,893
Rent	16,119	-	-	-	-	16,119
Salaries, benefits and payroll taxes	298,845	-	-	-	-	298,845
Telecommunications	1,007	-	-	-	-	1,007
Travel and meetings	14,617	-	-	-	-	14,617
Utilities		. <u>-</u>	35,760		<u> </u>	35,760
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	388,873		201,378	3,631	41,842	635,724
OPERATING LOSS	(358,365)	-	(201,378)	(3,631)	(41,842)	(605,216)

COMBINING SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND - CONTINUED

	Industrial Development Authority	Berks Park 78 Project	Berks Park 183 Project	Exeter TIF Project	Industrial Development Foundation (Component Unit)	Total
OPERATING LOSS - from previous page	(358,365)	-	(201,378)	(3,631)	(41,842)	(605,216)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Proceeds from tax incremental financing	-	-	-	111,752	-	111,752
Investment return	4,874	-	-	1,159	(1,562,608)	(1,556,575)
Interest expense			(40,552)	(111,752)		(152,304)
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	4,874		(40,552)	1,159	(1,562,608)	(1,597,127)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	(353,491)	-	(241,930)	(2,472)	(1,604,450)	(2,202,343)
TRANSFERS IN (OUT)	(601,787)	(165,000)	158,787		608,000	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(955,278)	(165,000)	(83,143)	(2,472)	(996,450)	(2,202,343)
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,448,818	223,500	4,211,098	(92,908)	10,494,210	16,284,718
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$ 493,540	\$ 58,500	\$ 4,127,955	\$ (95,380)	\$ 9,497,760	\$ 14,082,375

COMBINING SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND

	Industrial Development Authority	Berks Park 78 Project	Berks Park 183 Project	Exeter TIF Project	Industrial Development Foundation (Component Unit)	Total
OPERATING REVENUES	\$ 6,423	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,423
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Program expenses:						
Acquisition, disposition, and development projects	-	-	6,079,457	-	-	6,079,457
Accounting	7,645	-	-	-	-	7,645
Depreciation	2,134	-	-	-	-	2,134
Dues and subscriptions	1,180	-	-	-	-	1,180
Insurance	3,987	-	-	-	1,606	5,593
Legal and professional fees	15,666	-	-	3,648	39,349	58,663
Miscellaneous operating expenses	1,973	-	-	-	-	1,973
Office supplies and expenses	10,091	-	-	-	-	10,091
Printing/advertising	36,872	-	-	-	-	36,872
Rent	15,384	-	-	-	-	15,384
Salaries, benefits and payroll taxes	323,431	-	-	_	-	323,431
Telecommunications	960	-	-	-	-	960
Travel and meetings	10,720					10,720
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	430,043		6,079,457	3,648	40,955	6,554,103
OPERATING LOSS	(423,620)	-	(6,079,457)	(3,648)	(40,955)	(6,547,680)

COMBINING SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND - CONTINUED

	Industrial Development Authority	Berks Park 78 Project	Berks Park 183 Project	Exeter TIF Project	Industrial Development Foundation (Component Unit)	Total
OPERATING LOSS - from previous page	(423,620)	-	(6,079,457)	(3,648)	(40,955)	(6,547,680)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Grant income	-	-	776,975	-	-	776,975
Proceeds from tax incremental financing	-	-	-	127,802	-	127,802
Investment return	37,057	-	996	164	1,280,065	1,318,282
Interest expense	(15,377)	-	(173,001)	(127,802)	-	(316,180)
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(1,042)					(1,042)
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	20,638		604,970	164	1,280,065	1,905,837
(LOSS) INCOME BEFORE TRANSFERS	(402,982)	-	(5,474,487)	(3,484)	1,239,110	(4,641,843)
TRANSFERS IN (OUT)	1,339,722	(219,000)	(847,002)		(273,720)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	936,740	(219,000)	(6,321,489)	(3,484)	965,390	(4,641,843)
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - BEGINNING OF YEAR	512,078	442,500	10,532,587	(89,424)	9,528,820	20,926,561
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,448,818	\$ 223,500	\$ 4,211,098	\$ (92,908)	\$ 10,494,210	\$ 16,284,718





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors

Berks County Industrial Development Authority
Reading, Pennsylvania

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Berks County Industrial Development Authority as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Berks County Industrial Development Authority's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 13, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Berks County Industrial Development Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Berks County Industrial Development Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Berks County Industrial Development Authority's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.



Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Berks County Industrial Development Authority's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Berks County Industrial Development Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Berks County Industrial Development Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Reading, Pennsylvania

Herlien + Company, Inc.

March 13, 2023